

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Warning: Undefined variable ShasAttributeValueDescription in C:\www.root\mirror.dimablo.com\wp-content\plugins\woocommerce-print-products\public\class-woocommerce-print-products-public.php on line 2806
4H3 Clone ID

KIR2DI 1

CD158A;KIR-K64;KIR2DL3;KIR221;NKAT;NKAT-1;NKAT1;p58.1

Host Species Rabbit

Delivery

Anti-KIR2DL1 antibody(4H3), Rabbit mAb Description In Stock

Uniprot ID P43626 lgG type Rabbit mAb Clonality Monoclonal Reactivity Human Application Flow Cyt Recommend Dilutions Flow Cyt 1/100

Purification Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. Formulation & Reconstitution

Storage & Shipping

specific instructions of reconstitution.

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12°C months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.

Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19g1.3.4 within the 1 Mb leutocyte receptor complex 1551. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19g1.3.4 within the 1 Mb leutocyte receptor complex 1551. The KIR READLA, KIRBADLA, KIRBADLA, KIRBADLA, The KIR Proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (25 a) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain and kit the ITM modifical midling and immune tyrosine-based inhibitory modifical midling that the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITM modifical and instead associate with the TYRO, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response. [provided by RefSeq., µii 2008]

rch use only Conjugate Unconjugated

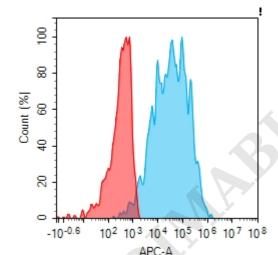


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis with  $10\mu g/mL$  Anti-KIR2DL1 (4H3) mAb on HEK293 cells transfected with human KIR2DL1 (Blue histogram) or HEK293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Red histogram).



