Human BBS4 (NM_033028) Protein Cat. No. PME33381



PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	BBS4
Synonyms	N/A
Description	Recombinant protein of human Bardet-Biedl syndrome 4 (BBS4)
Delivery	2-3 weeks
Uniprot ID	Q96RK4
Expression Host	HEK293T
Тад	C-Myc/DDK
Molecular Characterization	N/A
Molecular Weight	58.1 kDa
Purity	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Formulation & Reconstitution	25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol
Storage & Shipping	Store at -80°C.
Background	This gene is a member of the Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS) gene family. Bardet-Biedl syndrome is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by severe pigmentary retinopathy, obesity, polydactyly, renal malformation and cognitive disability. The proteins encoded by BBS gene family members are structurally diverse. The similar phenotypes exhibited by mutations in BBS gene family members are likely due to the protein's shared roles in cilia formation and function. Many BBS proteins localize to the basal bodies, ciliary axonemes, and pericentriolar regions of cells. BBS proteins may also be involved in intracellular trafficking via microtubule-related transport. The protein encoded by this gene has sequence similarity to O-linked N-acetylglucosamine (O-GlcNAc) transferases in plants and archaebacteria and in human forms a multi-protein "BBSome" complex with seven other BBS proteins. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016]
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated

Email: info@dimabio.com Website: www.dimabio.com

