

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

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| <b>Target</b>                           | Nectin-4   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                         | LNIR; PRR4; EDSS1; PVRL4; NECTIN4  |
| <b>Description</b>                      | Recombinant human Nectin-4(32-147) Protein with C-terminal human Fc tag  |
| <b>Delivery</b>                         | In Stock   |
| <b>Uniprot ID</b>                       | Q96NY8   |
| <b>Expression Host</b>                  | HEK293   |
| <b>Tag</b>                              | C-Human Fc tag   |
| <b>Molecular Characterization</b>       | Nectin-4(Gly32-Val147) hFc(Glu99-Ala330)   |
| <b>Molecular Weight</b>                 | The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 38.7 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of Nectin-4(32-147)-hFc is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.   |
| <b>Purity</b>                           | The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.   |
| <b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b> | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.  |
| <b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>           | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.  |
| <b>Background</b>                       | This gene encodes a member of the nectin family. The encoded protein contains two immunoglobulin-like (Ig-like) C2-type domains and one Ig-like V-type domain. It is involved in cell adhesion through trans-homophilic and -heterophilic interactions. It is a single-pass type I membrane protein. The soluble form is produced by proteolytic cleavage at the cell surface by the metalloproteinase ADAM17/TACE. The secreted form is found in both breast tumor cell lines and breast tumor patients. Mutations in this gene are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia-syndactyly syndrome type 1, an autosomal recessive disorder. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found but the full-length nature of the variant has not been determined.[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011] |
| <b>Usage</b>                            | Research use only  |
| <b>Conjugate</b>                        | Unconjugated   |



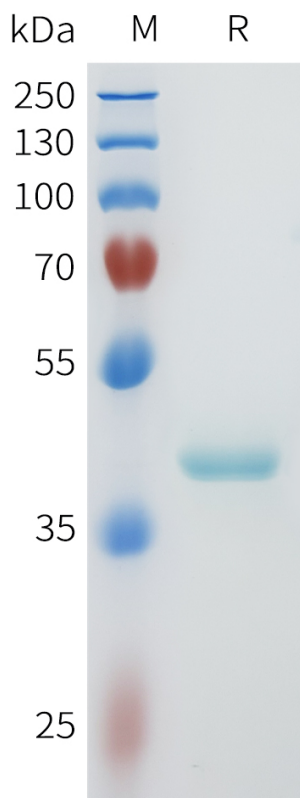


Figure 1. Human Nectin-4(32-147) Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

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