

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Clone ID</b>	DM211
<b>Target</b>	CD43
<b>Synonyms</b>	CD43; GALGP; GPL115; LSN
<b>Host Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Description</b>	PE-conjugated Anti-CD43 antibody(DM211); Rabbit mAb
<b>Delivery</b>	3-4 weeks
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P16150
<b>IgG type</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Applications</b>	Flow Cyt
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Flow Cyt 1:100
<b>Purification</b>	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Liquid□PBS with 0.05% Proclin300, 1% BSA
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at 2°C-8°C for 6 months
<b>Background</b>	This gene encodes a highly sialylated glycoprotein that functions in antigen-specific activation of T cells; and is found on the surface of thymocytes; T lymphocytes; monocytes; granulocytes; and some B lymphocytes. It contains a mucin-like extracellular domain; a transmembrane region and a carboxy-terminal intracellular region. The extracellular domain has a high proportion of serine and threonine residues; allowing extensive O-glycosylation; and has one potential N-glycosylation site; while the carboxy-terminal region has potential phosphorylation sites that may mediate transduction of activation signals. Different glycoforms of this protein have been described. In stimulated immune cells; proteolytic cleavage of the extracellular domain occurs in some cell types; releasing a soluble extracellular fragment. Defects in expression of this gene are associated with Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome. [provided by RefSeq; Sep 2017]
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only
<b>Conjugate</b>	PE-conjugated
<b>DIMA Disclaimer</b>	All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scrutinizing all patent application to ensure no IP infringement.

